

Written Assessment

End of Year 2014 / 2015

Level 7

Name of Book:

Mercy to Mankind - Madinah Period

Full Name of Pupil:

.....

Session:

- Recite Tasmiyah & Durood Shareef before you begin your paper.
- Write your name and session clearly on this sheet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not use a red pen or a pencil.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- If you make a mistake, cross it out. Do not use Tippex.
- The mark for each question is shown next to the question.
- After you finish, check your answers carefully.

Mark achieved:

Out of 100

Madrasa Tajweedul Quran

Section A

1. Describe who the following people were or what the word means. (5)

Munafiq:

.....
.....

Abu Ayyub Al-Ansari:

.....
.....

Muhajirun:

.....
.....

Ashab as-Suffah:

.....
.....

Muwakhat:

.....
.....

2. Multiple Choice:

Circle the correct answer.

(5)

a) Where was the first Masjid built?

- 1) Makkah
- 2) Quba
- 3) Madinah

b) How did Rasulullah (S.A.W) decide where to stay?

- 1) He stayed where his camel stopped
- 2) He stayed near the closest Masjid
- 3) He stayed with his favourite Sahabah

c) Where was Masjid an Nabi built?

- 1) In Makkah, in front of his house
- 2) In Quba, in front of Abu Ayyub Al- Ansari's house
- 3) In Madinah, in front of Abu Ayyub Al- Ansari's house

d) The leaders of the Muslims are...

- 1) Servants of the Ummah
- 2) Equal to everyone else
- 3) Hardworking

e) What's the virtue of building a Masjid?

- 1) Jannah
- 2) A palace in Paradise
- 3) Reward

3. Complete the following sentences.

(14)

- a) Rasulullah (S.A.W) set an example by
- b) On one side of the Masjid rooms were built for
- c) This made it easy for the to reach Rasulullah (S.A.W)
- d) After Fajr Salaah the sat with Rasulullah (S.A.W)
- e) After Maghrib Salaah came to his house to learn about Islam
- f) Muslims are not allowed to leave the and their to live in
- g) Rasulullah (S.A.W) wanted the Ashab as-Suffah to stay close to him as he had for them.
- h) Allah says in the Qur'an: 'Only he will build and Allah's Masjid who believes in Allah and the, who, and does not fear anyone except Allah. '
- i) The Qur'an calls the Jews '.....'.

Madrasa Tajweedul Quran

4. Complete the table by ticking True or False.

(11)

		True	False
1	The Ansaar left everything they owned in Makkah.		
2	The Ansaar were not happy to hear they had to accept one Muhajir as his brother.		
3	If there was an argument the Ansaar would settle it.		
4	All the Sahabah wrote down the words of the Quraan and learnt them by heart too.		
5	Muslims obeyed Rasulullah (S.A.W) in all religious matters.		
6	Allah asks Muslims to make decisions by taking advice from each other.		
7	The Jews followed Musa (A) and Dawud (A)		
8	The book of Dawud (A) foretold the coming of the Prophet Muhammad (S.A.W)		
9	We are all people of the Book		
10	The Jews liked the Prophets idea and agreed to a peace treaty.		
11	The Jews were just like the Christians and believed that they were special people and could not accept that Arabs could also have a prophet.		

Madrassa Tajweedul Quran

5. Answer the following questions:

1) Explain why the Jews are labelled as 'The people of the Book'? (1)

.....
.....

2) In what circumstances are Muslims given permission to fight non-Muslims? (1)

.....
.....

3) What did the Kuffar become afraid of and who was there ally? (2)

.....
.....

4) Name the 3 types of people who worked against Islam. (3)

.....
.....

5) What new law did Allah reveal during the second year of Hijrah? (1)

.....
.....

6) What does Jihad mean and what happens to those who die in Jihad? (2)

.....
.....

7) Where is Badr? (1)

.....
.....

8) What does Allah say about those who disbelieve and turn away from the path of Allah? (1)

.....
.....

Section B

1. Fill in the table by answering the questions.

(10)

1	When were the prisoners allowed to return to Makkah?	
2	Why did the men guarding the pass run away during battle of Uhud?	
3	What was the rumour that was being spread in the Battle of Uhud and who was spreading it?	
4	What was the Wahi sent during battle of Uhud?	
5	Which Sahabi had an idea to dig a ditch and where did he get this idea from?	
6	After seeing the ditch, what did the enemies do?	
7	What did the Muslims want, but the Jews did not?	
8	What did the Jews not want the Arabs to know about? Name two things.	
9	Where did the Jews that were being sent away from Madinah go?	
10	How should we treat other people, even if they are non-Muslims?	

2. Match the boxes to the correct battle.

(12)

313 Muslims and 1000
Kuffar

A whole month passed
during this battle

Rasulullah (S.A.W) was
injured

The Muslims supply of
food was running out

Angels were sent to help

The Muslim army was
very strong

3000 Kuffar and 700
Muslims

Kuffar played a trick and returned
from the mountains

A few Muslims ran away
due to fear

The Kuffar were chased
all the way to Ta'if

Allah sent a strong wind which
tore apart the tents

Jews wrote poems to fight for
revenge after this battle

Battle of
Khandaq

Battle of Uhud

Battle of
Hunain

Battle of Badr

3. Fill in the blank spaces.

(9)

<u>Year</u>	<u>Briefly explain what took place during this year...</u>
The first year of Hijrah	
	Battle of Badr took place.
The third year of Hijrah	
	Battle of the Ditch took place.
The second to the Fifth year of Hijrah	
The Sixth year of Hijrah	
The seventh year of Hijrah	
	The battle of Hunain
	Rasulullah (S.A.W) went for Hajj.

4. Fill in the blanks and complete the sentences

(13)

- a) The in the north were afraid of the growing power of Islam.
- b) The beliefs of the Romans regarding Esa (A) was that
.....
- c) Muslims Believe that Maryam (A) was a, however the Christians believe that she was the Mother of
- d) When a went to invite some of them to accept Islam the Christians became angry and them. went with an army of men to punish them.
- e) The wanted revenge for this. Rasulullah (S.A.W) was years old, but he decided to lead the They had an army of men.

5. Answer the following questions:

1) How many Muslims accompanied Rasulullah (S.A.W) for Hajj and where were the enemies? (2)

.....
.....
.....

2) Where did Rasulullah (S.A.W) stand whilst he delivered his final Khutbah and where were the Muslims? (2)

.....
.....

3) Mention 4 things Rasulullah (S.A.W) said in this final Khutbah. (4)

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.....
.....
.....

4) The peace treaty of Hudaibiyah proved to be a great blessing. Explain how by giving 1 example. (1)

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.....

End of Examination