

Al-Ansaar Welfare & Education *Madrasah Tajweedul Guran*

Written Assessment

Mid-Year 2016 / 2017

Sanatayn – Year 1

Name of Book:

An Nasihah - Book 6 (Boys)

Full Name of Pupil:

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Session:

- Recite Tasmiyah & Şalawāt Upon The Prophet before you begin your paper.
- Write your name and session clearly on this sheet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not use a red pen or a pencil.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- If you make a mistake, cross it out. Do not use Tippex.
- The mark for each question is shown next to the question.
- After you finish, check your answers carefully.

Mark achieved:

Out of 100

Section A – Water

1.	List all those types of Iba Wudu'?	dah, which requi	re a person to be pure & ii	n the state o	f (4)
	1)				
	2)				
	3)				
	4)				
2.	Explain your answer.		ut Wudu' providing you ar		(2)
 3. The way to become pure is to perform W or G or G 4. Place a tick next to the types of water which can be used to become pure for Salah. 					
	Types of Water	\checkmark	Types of water	\checkmark	
	Used Water		Purified Water		
	Zam Zam Water		Rainwater		
	Bottled Water		Well Water		
5.	5. Tick True / False:				(5)
				True	False
	Water which covers more than 21 square metres & is extremely deep will be considered as Large water. If a drop of blood falls into Small water, the entire water becomes impure. Large water will always remain pure, regardless of what falls into it.			У	
				es	
			/IELL changes, it will not b		

permissible to make Wudu' with this water. Pure Water is regarded as USED, the moment it separates from the body.

Section B – Impurities

1. Impurity in Arabic is known as N..... (1)

2. Place a tick in the correct column for the following types of Najasah. (10)

Impurities:	Ghalizah	Khafifah
All parts of pig		
Semen		
Excreta of a lion		
Urine of dogs		
Urine of sheep		
Excreta of chickens		
Droppings of Haram birds		
Alcohol made from grapes		
Meat of a dead animal		
Flowing blood		

3. Complete the following table by placing a tick in the correct box;

(5)

Impurity:	Salah valid	Salah invalid
	with stain	with stain
Urine on clothes which is less than 2.75 cm in diameter.		
Excreta on clothes which is less than 4.5 grams.		
Excreta on clothes which is more than 4.5 grams.		
Light impurity which stains less than ¼ of a limb or sleeve.		
Urine on clothes which is more than 2.75 cm in diameter.		

4. Answer the following question;

(4)

What is the method of removing DRY Impure Stains?		
Dried Visible Impurities: (e.g. blood stain)		
Dried Invisible Impurities: (e.g. Urine)		

Section C – Maturity

(5)

1. Multiple choice:

Circle the correct answer.

- 1) Removal of hair under armpits / private area should not exceed:
 - a) 40 days
 - b) 2 weeks
 - c) 30 days

2) The minimum age of becoming mature for boys is:

- a) 11 years
- b) 12 years
- c) 13 years
- 3) Islamically, when will a child be classed as an adult if a wet dream has not been experienced?
 - a) 14 years 7 8 months
 - b) 15 years & 7 months
 - c) 14 years & 7 months
- 4) Upon maturing, how many different types of liquids are released from the private area?
 - a) 2
 - b) 3
 - c) 4
- 5) How many Fara'id of Ghusl are there:
 - a) 4
 - b) 2
 - c) 3

2. Give a brief description of the following fluids:

Fluids:	Description:
Mani (Semen)	
Madhi (Pre- Seminal fluid)	
Wadi	

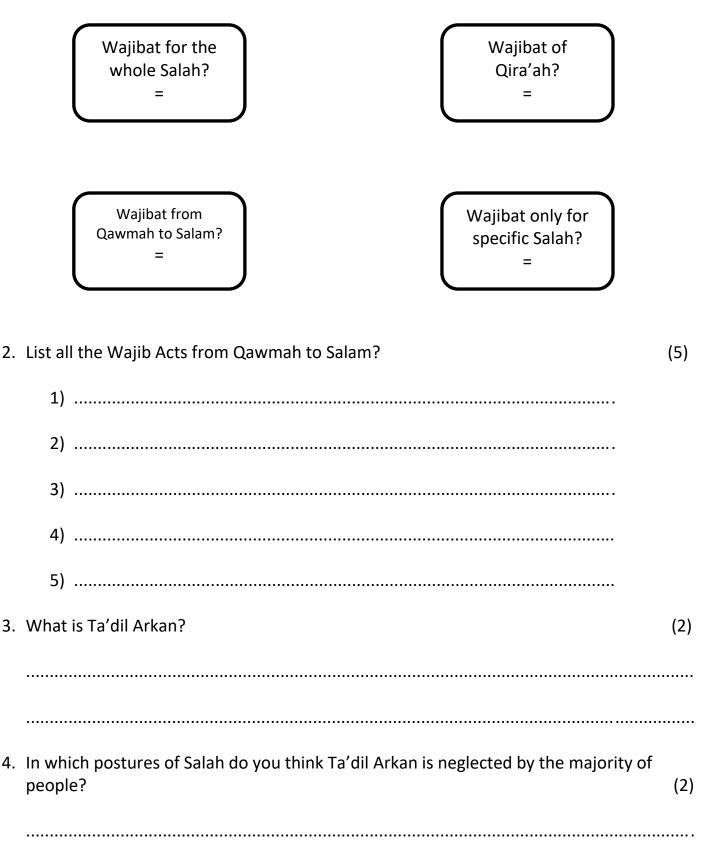
3. Circle whether the following statements are True / False:

(3)

- a) If Mani is released after a wet dream, it is Fardh to have a Ghusl? True / False
- b) If after arousal, Madhi is released, no Ghusl is necessary, however it will invalidate Wudu? True / False
- c) Wadi invalidates Wudu and Ghusl also becomes Fardh? True / False

 There are <u>14</u> Wajib acts in Salah which can be divided into <u>four</u> categories. Answer the following question by placing the correct number of Wajib acts in each category;

(4)



- Ponder over the following scenarios & answer the questions ensuring you provide an explanation where necessary;
 (5)
 - The Imam was leading the congregation in Zohar Salah, in Qa'dah Ula (1st sitting) after reciting Tashahhud he continues to sit for approximately 10 seconds, upon realising he stands up for the 3rd Rak'ah. Will Sajdah as Sahw be compulsory at the end of Salah? If your answer is <u>YES</u>, explain why Sajdah as Sahw will be compulsory?

 Zaid is performing his Esha Salah, <u>BEFORE</u> completing his Salah, a doubt arises on the number of Raka'at he has performed. This is the first time Zaid has experienced this kind of doubt.

Will Zaid repeat his Salah or assume he has offered the correct number of Raka'at?

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3) Zaid is performing his Asr Salah, <u>AFTER</u> completing his Salah, a doubt arises on the number of Raka'at he has performed. Will Zaid repeat his Salah as he has a doubt or will he not have to repeat his Salah as he is not certain?

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4) Zaid was performing Fajr Salah, he forgot to perform Sajdah as Sahw at the end of Salah for a Wajib act he had missed. He realised his error after he had left the masjid. The time of Fajr Salah is still valid.

Will Zaid repeat his Fajr Salah or ignore it on this occasion as this is the first time he has made this type of error?

6. Being Imam is a huge responsibility, therefore if a Masjid / Mussalla does not have an appointed Imam then the Imam should be chosen in a particular order. Answer the following question by placing the correct number in the box below ensuring they are in the correct order of preference. (4)

One has been done for you.

	Order of Preference:
The most well mannered	
The most God fearing	
The person who recites the Quran correctly	2
The oldest in the gathering	
The most knowledgeable with regards to laws of Salah	

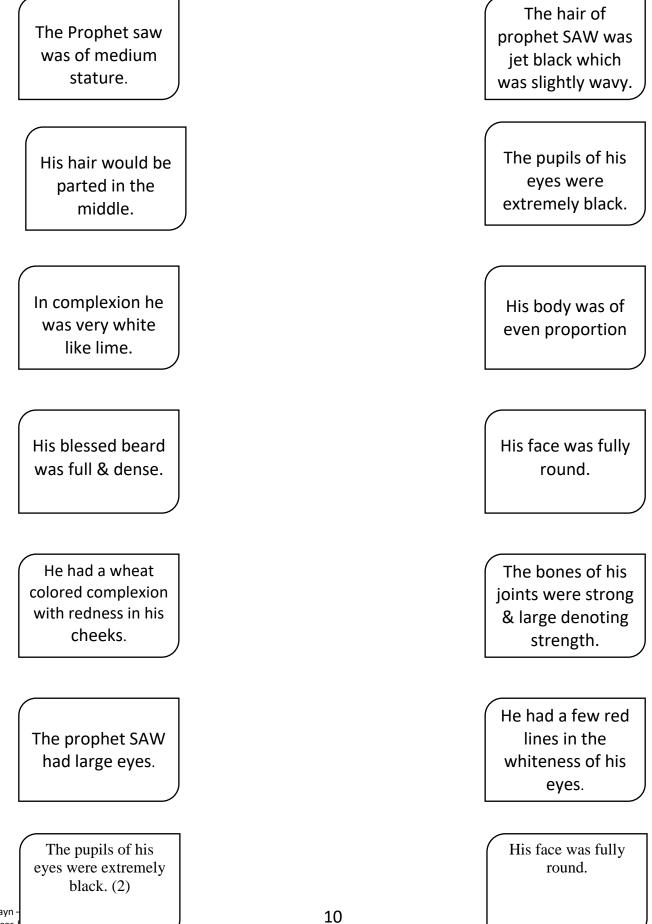
Janazah:

1. Give a brief explanation of the following words:

	Explanation:
Kafan:	
Lifafah:	
Qamis	
Izar:	
Tadfin:	
Shiq:	
Lahad:	

2. There is no Ruku or Sajdah in Janazah Salah? True / False	
3. How many Takbirat are there in Janazah Salah?	(1)
Jum'uah:	
1. What are the 2 main differences between Jum'uah Salaah & other Salah?	(2)
1)	
2)	

1. Below are descriptions of our beloved Prophet Muhammad (saw), some are incorrect, circle or place a tick through the correct descriptions: (10)



Abu Bakr (RA):

1.	Fil	l in the gaps:	(4)
	a)	Abu Bakr (ra) was from the Banu T clan.	
	b)	He was an expert on G	
	c)	Despite its permissibility, Abu Bakr (ra) never consumed A i his entire life.	n
	d)	He was one of the few who never Pbefore accepting Islam.	

End of Examination