



Written Assessment

End of Year 2017/18

Hifz Fiqh

Name of Book:

Understanding Taharah

Full Name of Pupil:

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Session:

- Recite Tasmiyah & Şalawāt Upon the Prophet before you begin your paper.
- Write your name and session clearly on this sheet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not use a red pen or a pencil.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- If you make a mistake, cross it out. Do not use Tippex.
- The mark for each question is shown next to the question.
- After you finish, check your answers carefully.

Mark achieved:

Out of 100

Section A - Najasah

1. What is the Islamic meaning of Fiqh? (1)

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2. What does the word Taharah refer to? (1)

.....

3. Shariah is derived from a total of four sources. List all four in order of priority. (4)

1	
2	
3	
4	

4. Why is Taharah important? (1)

.....

.....

5. List *three* things from which your heart must be kept clean. (3)

1	
2	
3	

6. What is the opposite of Taharah? (1)

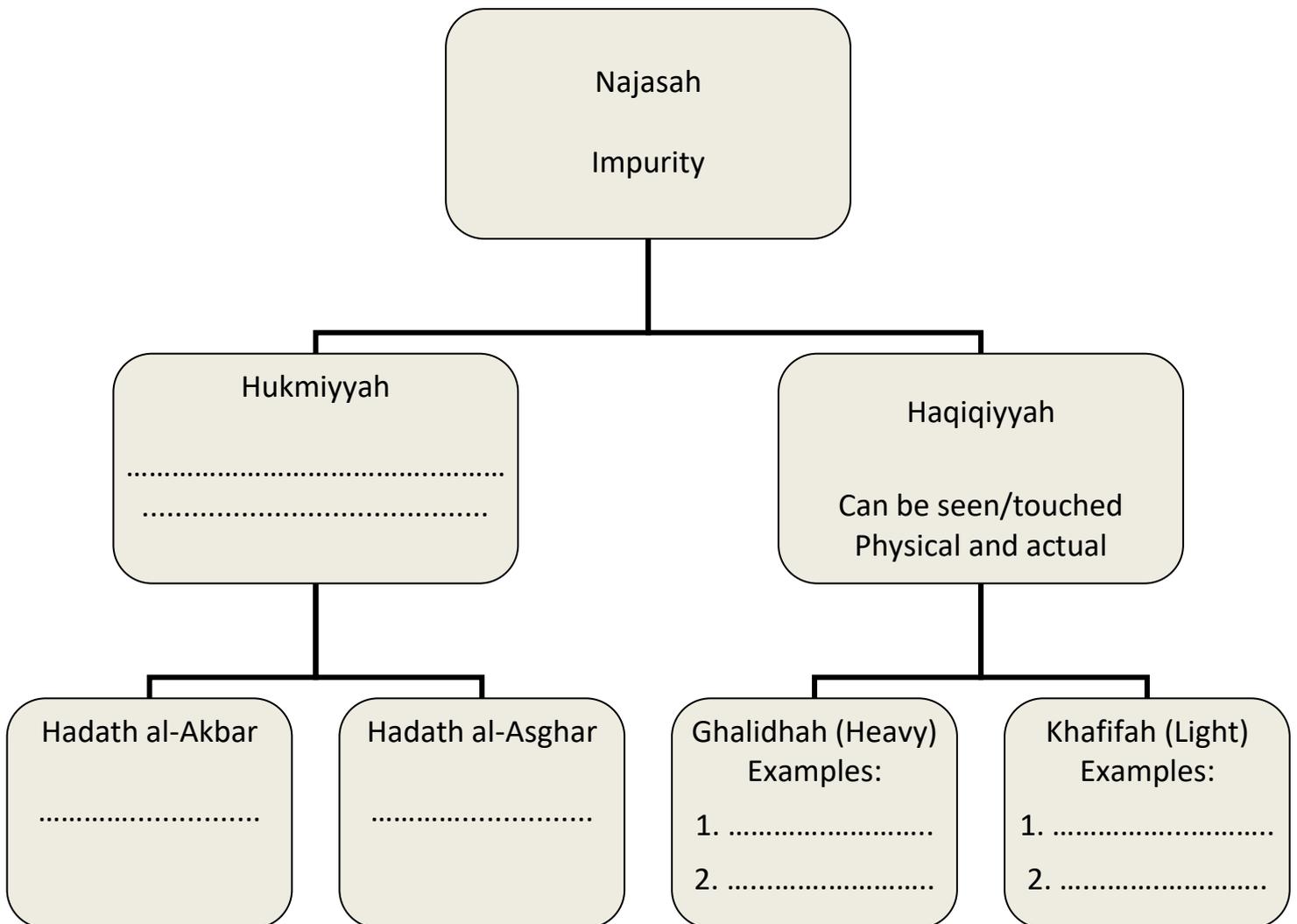
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7. Write a brief explanation of the following terms.

(2)

Taharah	Nadhafah

8. Complete the diagram below by filling in the blank spaces. Include examples where relevant. (7)



Section B – Wudhu

1. Complete the following table on the acts of Wudhu by ticking the correct column. (5)

	Action	Fardh	Sunnah	Mustahab	Makrooh
1	Doing Masah of a quarter of the head once.				
2	To do Wudhu in order.				
3	To begin ablution from the right side.				
4	Washing of each part three times.				
5	Washing any limb more than three times.				
6	Gargling three times.				
7	Facing the Qibla.				
8	Washing both the feet, including the ankles once.				
9	Masah of the nape.				
10	Performing Wudhu in a dirty place.				

2. Ahmed was making Wudhu for Salaah. He was in a rush and started by washing his feet (contrary to the Sunnah). Is his Wudhu complete? Give a reason for your answer.

(2)

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3. Sunnah acts of Wudhu should not be missed out without a strong excuse. Give *one* example of a strong excuse.

(1)

.....

4. Look at the table below; tick whether Wudhu will be valid or invalid in the following scenarios. (5)

	Scenario	Wudhu Valid	Wudhu Invalid
1	Khadijah did not perform Wudhu in a clean and elevated place.		
2	Aysha forgot to do Khilal of the toes and Masah of a quarter of the head.		
3	Ibrahim performed Wudhu while talking about football.		
4	Uthman did not face towards the Qiblah while performing Wudhu.		
5	Sufyaan washed his arms including the elbows, but forgot to do Khilal of the fingers.		

5. Tick the correct column for the acts that *break* Wudhu and those that *do not break* Wudhu. (3)

		Breaks Wudhu	Does Not Break Wudhu
1	Falling asleep lying down.		
2	Vomiting a mouthful.		
3	Sweating profusely.		
4	Laughing in Salaah.		
5	Fainting.		
6	Applying face moisturiser.		

6. Ponder over the following scenarios and answer the questions correctly.

A) Ashraf and his friend were going to the Masjid. As they entered the Masjid Ashraf started to feel like he was going to vomit. Will Ashraf have to repeat his Wudhu? (1)

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B) Aarifah was reading the Qur'an. She decided to take a five minute break and fell asleep. Does Aarifah have to do her Wudhu again? Explain your answer. (3)

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.....

C) Muhammad has a smart phone; does he have to switch off his phone every time he enters the toilet if he has downloaded any Qur'an app? (1)

Yes/No

Explain your answer: (2)

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.....

.....

D) Sabiha was reading the Quran on her smart phone. She would touch the screen without Wudhu because it is not the actual Qur'an. Is Sabihah allowed to read in this manner? (1)

Yes / No

Explain your answer: (2)

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Section C – Tayammum

1. Why can Tayammum be done if you fear you are going to miss Eid or Janazah Salaah? (1)

.....

.....

2. Tayammum cannot be performed on three types of things. List each of these three types and give an example. (3)

	Tayammum cannot be done on ...	Example
1		
2		
3		

3. Which two things break Tayammum. (2)

- a.
- b.

4. Complete the table by ticking true or false for the following statements regarding Tayammum. (5)

		True	False
1	Tayammum can be done on anything that is covered with thick dust.		
2	Tayammum cannot be made on marble and bricks.		
3	The meaning of Tayammum is to wash.		
4	Tayammum is mentioned in the Quran.		
5	If you do not have sufficient money to buy water you can do Tayammum.		

5. Multiple choice: (4)
Circle or tick the correct answer.

A. Tayammum is known as:

- 1) Dry ablution
- 2) Wet ablution
- 3) Ghusl

B. How many Fardh acts are there in Tayammum?

- 1) 4
- 2) 1
- 3) 3

C. You are allowed to perform Tayammum when:

- 1) You are feeling tired
- 2) Water is being sold at a very expensive price
- 3) There is no water available within the radius of 1 Kilometre

D. When making Tayammum, Niyyah is:

- 1) Sunnah
- 2) Mustahab
- 3) Fardh

6. Write down in order the Fardh acts of Tayammum. (3)

1	
2	
3	

Section D – Ghusl

1. There are times when performing Ghusl is Sunnah and other times when it is Mustahab. In the table below place a tick next to the correct one. (9)

		Sunnah	Mustahab
1	When embracing Islam.		
2	For hajj on the day of Arafah.		
3	For Jumu'ah Salaah.		
4	After giving Ghusl to the deceased.		
5	For both Eid Salaah.		
6	When entering Makkah or Madinah.		
7	Before performing the Salaah of a lunar or solar eclipse.		
8	Before wearing Ihraam for Hajj or Umrah.		
9	Returning from a journey.		

2. Explain the following terms: (6)

Janabah:

.....

.....

Haidh:

.....

.....

Nifaas:

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3. Put the Sunnah steps of Ghusl in order. The first one has been done for you. (3)

A	Wash and clean the private parts.
B	Wash both hands until the wrists.
C	Rub your body to ensure water reaches all parts of the body.
D	Make Niyyah.
E	Perform Wudhu.
F	Pour water over the entire body three times starting from the head, then the right shoulder, then the left shoulder.
G	Wash off and remove any impurity that may be on the body.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
D						

4. Mention four acts that are Makrooh in Ghusl. (4)

1.
2.
3.
4.

5. When is it Fardh (for women) to wash both the hair and roots in Ghusl? (2)

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6. Why must rings be removed when making Ghusl? (2)

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7. Khalid has completed his Fardh Ghusl and realises he has forgotten to gargle his mouth. What should he do? (2)

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8. Mention three points explaining why women should stay away from nail varnish. (3)

1.
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2.
.....
3.
.....

9. Faatimah came on her Haidh for six full days in the month of Ramadhan. In those days she does not fast or read Salaah. How many Qadha fasts and Salaah will she have to make up for? (2)

Salaah:
Fasts:

10. Name three things that can stop water reaching your skin in Fardh Ghusl. (3)

1.
2.
3.

End of Examination