



Understanding Taharah

Lessons 1 - 5

Question Number	Question	Answer Page
1	What is the literal meaning of Fiqh?	
2	What are the four sources where Shariah Laws are taken from?	
3	Who is a Faqih?	
4	Can everyone be a Faqih?	
5	What does the word Taharah refer to?	
6	Which word refers to “neat and tidy?”	
7	List 3 things to keep your heart clean from?	
8	What has our prophet ﷺ said about urine?	
9	What is the opposite of Taharah?	
10	What is the Arabic word for “filth” or “impurity?”	
11	What is the Arabic for “light” and “heavy” impurities?	
12	“Light” and “heavy” impurities belong to the category of...?	
13	Give two examples of a “light” impurity.	
14	Give two examples of a “heavy” impurity.	
15	Is blood a “light” impurity?	
16	How can a visible “light” or “heavy” impurity be cleaned?	
17	How can an invisible “light” or “heavy” impurity be cleaned?	
18	What is the excused amount of Najasat-e-Ghalizah?	
19	Is Salaah valid if you have more than the excused amount of Najasat-e-Ghalizah?	
20	What is the excused amount of Najasat-e-Khafifah?	
21	Is the blood of fish impure?	
22	What is the Arabic term for “understanding” and “knowledge?”	
23	What is the Arabic term for “knowledge?”	



Lessons 6 - 10

Question Number	Question	Answer Page
24	What are the four things that require Wudhu?	
25	Is your Salaah valid if Wudhu is not made properly?	
26	Name the four Fardh of Wudhu.	
27	How can you get the <u>full</u> reward (Thawaab) of Wudhu?	
28	Name three Sunnah acts of Wudhu?	
29	Sunnah acts are there to ensure which acts are fully completed?	
30	An act that is "encouraged" in Islam is known as?	
31	How many "encouraged" acts are there in Wudhu?	
32	What is the English equivalent of Wudhu?	
33	Name 2 Makruh acts of Wudhu.	
34	What is the Dua before starting Wudhu?	
35	What is the Dua during Wudhu?	
36	What is the Dua for after completing Wudhu?	
37	What is Tahiyatul Wudhu?	

Terminology

What are the meanings / explanation of the following terms:

	Arabic		Arabic
1	فِقْه	6	نَجَاسَة
2	فَقِيْه	7	نَجَاسَة حَقِيْقِيَّة
3	عِلْم	8	نَجَاسَة حُكْمِيَّة
4	طَهَارَة	9	نَجَاسَة خَفِيْفَة
5	نَظَافَة	10	نَجَاسَة



			غَلِيظَةٌ
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Lesson 11

38	Name three things that break your Wudhu?	
39	Will your Wudhu break if you fall asleep without leaning or lying down?	
40	Will your Wudhu break if you laugh loudly outside Salaah?	
41	What is the Arabic term for “compulsory?”	
42	What is the Arabic term for “breaker of Wudhu?”	
43	Are you allowed to touch without Wudhu the screen of a mobile phone or other device that has the Quran displayed?	

Terminology

What are the meanings / explanation of the following terms:

	Arabic		Arabic
1	وُضُوءٌ	6	مَكْرُوهٌ
2	فَرَضٌ	7	نِيَّةٌ
3	نَاقِضُ الْوُضُوءِ	8	تَيَمُّمٌ
4	نَوَاقِضُ الْوُضُوءِ	9	غُسْلٌ
5	مُسْتَحَبٌ	-	-



Lessons 12 – 14 - Tayammum

44	What is the English equivalent for Tayammum?	
45	Name three occasions when you can perform Tayammum.	
46	Which two prayers can you perform Tayammum for if there is fear of missing the prayer?	
47	Why are you allowed to perform Tayammum for these two prayers?	
48	How many Fardh acts are there in Tayammum?	
49	Name the Fardh acts in Tayammum?	
50	Is making Niyah Fardh in Wudhu?	
51	What can you not perform Tayammum on?	
52	Why can Tayammum not be performed on a wooden table?	
53	When can Tayammum be permissible on wooden table?	



Lessons 15 – 19 - Ghusl

54	Give two examples when Ghusl is Sunnah.	
55	Give two examples when Ghusl is Mustahab.	
56	What is the “lesser” pilgrimage?	
57	What is the “greater” pilgrimage?	
58	Why may Ghusl not be achieved if you fill up a bath and sit in it?	
59	Is Ghusl more like a shower or a bath? Why?	
60	What is the Arabic for “ritual impurity?”	
61	Can “ritual impurity” be seen?	
62	How can you clean yourself from “minor ritual impurity?”	
63	What is the Arabic for “minor ritual impurity?”	
64	How can you clean yourself from “major ritual impurity?”	
65	What is the Arabic for “major ritual impurity?”	
66	How many Fardh acts are there in Ghusl?	
67	Name the Fardh acts of Ghusl?	
68	Name the three things that cause “major ritual impurity?”	
69	Name the next three steps for the Sunnah method of Ghusl after making intention and washing your hands.	
70	What must you not face when making Ghusl?	
71	When is it Fardh (for women) to wash both the hair and roots?	
72	Why must rings be removed when making Ghusl?	
73	Why must you avoid using nail varnish?	
74	Why is using Henna (Mendhi) preferable to use?	
75	What is Musta’mal water?	
76	Is Musta’mal water clean?	
77	Can Musta’mal water be used for Wudhu or Fardh Ghusl?	



Terminology

What are the meanings / explanation of the following terms:

	Arabic		Arabic
1	جَنَابَةٌ	7	طَاهِرٌ
2	حَيْضٌ	8	غَيْرُ مُطَهَّرٍ
3	نَفَاسٌ	9	مَسْحٌ
4	حَدَثٌ الْأَكْبَرُ	10	خُفٌّ
5	حَدَثٌ الْأَصْغَرُ	11	خُفَّيْنِ
6	مُسْتَعْمَلٌ	-	-

Lesson 20 – Masah on bandages and plasters

78	What does “Masah” mean?	
79	What is “Masah” the opposite of?	
80	Name the three conditions that make it permissible to make Masah on a plaster or bandage.	
81	What is the method of Masah on a plaster or bandage?	
82	How much area of the plaster or bandage must the Masah cover?	
83	If you replace your plaster or bandage. Whilst in the state of Wudhu, what must you do?	
84	What if the injured or wounded part is not covered by a bandage or plaster – and it is injurious to your health to wash this part – what can you do?	



85	What is the difference between the words “Khuff” and “Khuffain?”	
86	What does the word “Shuroot” mean?	
87	How many conditions are there to make Masah on Khuffain?	
88	Name three conditions to make Masah on Khuffain?	
89	Give two reasons why someone may wear Khuffain?	
90	How many times does Masah need to be made on each sock?	
91	Which hand must be used to make Masah?	
92	What is the minimum number of fingers that must be used when making Masah on Khuffain?	
93	How long is a Masah valid for a non-traveler (resident person)?	
94	How long is a Masah valid for traveler?	
95	Does the time for Masah start from when you actually put on your Khuffain?	
96	When your time finishes, do you need to make new Wudhu? Explain your answer.	
97	What is the Arabic for a traveler?	
98	What is the Arabic for a non-traveler?	
99	Name two instances where you have to remove both socks and wash your feet.	
100	What are “Thakeen” socks?	
101	Is Masah permissible on “Thakeen” socks?	
102	What qualities must a sock have for Masah to be permissible?	
103	Why is Masah not allowed on “normal everyday” socks?	



Lessons 25 – 27 - Ma'zoor

104	To be a Ma'zoor your "reason" must continue for how long?	
105	What is the English word for a Ma'zoor?	
106	After becoming a Ma'zoor, how do you remain a Ma'zoor?	
107	When will make a Ma'zoor have to make fresh (new) Wudhu?	
108	Is your Wudhu valid if another impurity was to exit your body other than the impurity that made you Ma'zoor?	
109	What happens to the Wudhu of a Ma'zoor when the Salaah time finishes?	
110	If a Ma'zoor made Wudhu for Fajr, will this Wudhu be valid after sunrise? Explain your answer.	
111	If a Ma'zoor made Wudhu after sunrise, will this Wudhu be valid for Dhur? Explain your answer.	

Lesson 28 – Sunan Al-Fitrah

112	Is the word Sunan a plural?	
113	What does Al-Fitrah mean?	
114	What do Sunan Al-Fitrah acts mainly refer to?	
115	Name five acts of Sunan Al-Fitrah.	
116	Why is it important to clip or shave the moustache?	
117	What does the action of Ibne-e-Umar ؓ tell us about trimming the beard?	
118	What type of Sunnah is the beard?	
119	What is a tooth stick?	
120	Which Hadith tells us the emphasis of the tooth stick?	
121	Is the tooth stick a Sunnah of Wudhu or a Sunnah of Salaah?	
122	What difference does it make if you regard the Miswak as a Sunnah of Wudhu?	
123	Name five occasions when the Miswak should be used.	
124	What is the Arabic word for gargling?	
125	What is the Arabic word for cleaning your nose?	
126	Is there a Sunnah method to cut your nails? Explain your answer.	
127	Which side did our prophet ﷺ prefer when wearing shoes etc?	
128	After how many days do you become sinful if you have not removed your hair etc?	
129	What is pubic hair?	



Terminology

What are the meanings / explanation of the following terms:

	Arabic		Arabic
1	شَرَطٌ / شَرُوطٌ	7	سُنَنُ الْفِئْرَةِ
2	سُنَنٌ	8	فِئْرَةٌ
3	مُقِيمٌ	9	بُخَارِيٌّ / مُسْلِمٌ / نَسَائِيٌّ
4	مُسَافِرٌ	10	إِسْتِنْشَاقٌ
5	عُذْرٌ	11	مَضْمَضَةٌ
6	مَعْدُورٌ	-	-

Lesson 29 – Personal Hygiene

130	Which Hadith emphasizes the importance of cleanliness?	
131	Why is using toilet rolls important?	
132	Before sitting down to relieve yourself, what must you check is there? Why?	
133	What builds up quickly under your arm pits and pubic areas?	
134	What must you fix once a week and why?	
135	Is perfume forbidden in Islam?	
136	What does Islam say about women using perfume?	



Lesson 30 – Taharah when travelling

137	Why does extra care need to be taken when travelling?	
138	What items must one carry when travelling that makes purifying yourself easier?	
139	What must you “inspect” before sitting down? Why?	
140	Where must you place a spare pair of clothes when travelling? Why?	
141	How do leather socks help when travelling?	
142	Why is it important to watch your diet when travelling?	

Lesson 31 – Importance of urinating correctly and Istinja

143	Explain the Hadith about our prophet ﷺ passing two graves.	
144	Explain how severe the punishment of the grave is via a Hadith.	
145	What does the word Istinja refer to?	
146	Which foot must you enter the toilet with?	
147	Is it permissible to speak when in the toilet?	
148	When is it necessary to use water in Istinja?	
149	What is the ruling about standing and urinating?	
150	When flushing, what must you be careful about?	

Lesson 32 – Istibraa

151	What is Istibraa?	
152	What must one do if one has doubts even after doing Istibraa?	
153	Which comes first: Istibraa or Istinja?	



Lesson 33 – Water and different types of water

154	Give an example of how we should use water?	
155	Does every person in the world have access to clean water?	
156	What is flowing water?	
157	What is stagnant water?	
158	Is a pool that is 5 meters wide and 6 meters long flowing water?	
159	What is the ruling if impurity fell in flowing water?	
160	What is the ruling if impurity fell in stagnant water?	

Lesson 34 – More on water

161	Is the leftover water of a cow clean?	
162	Is the leftover water of a lion clean?	
163	When is the left over water of a cat not clean?	

Lesson 35 – Puberty

	What is the Arabic word for puberty?	
	What becomes Fardh when you reach puberty?	
	What does the word Awrah refer to?	
	What does “Hayaa” mean?	
	What is a Mahram?	
	Are you allowed to marry your Mahram?	
	Name the three categories of Mahram.	
	What is the plural for Mahram?	
	Name three Mahrams of a blood relationship.	
	Name three Mahrams by marriage.	
	Name three Mahrams by a foster relationship.	
	For the purposes of being a Mahram, what is a “foster relationship?”	
	What can boys lead after reaching puberty?	



Terminology

What are the meanings / explanation of the following terms:

	Arabic		Arabic
1	بُلُوغ	6	مَحْرَم
2	بَالِغ / بَا لِغَة	7	مَحَارِم
3	فَرَايِض	8	نَسَب
4	أَحْكَام	9	مُصَاهَرَة
5	حَيَاء	10	رَضَاعَة

End of Revision Questions