



# Written Assessment

October 2018

Level 6

Name of Book:

Tajweed theory

Full Name of Pupil:

.....

Session: .....

- Recite Tasmiyah & Şalawāt Upon the Prophet before you begin your paper.
- Write your name and session clearly on this sheet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not use a red pen or a pencil.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- If you make a mistake, cross it out. Do not use Tippex.
- The mark for each question is shown next to the question.
- After you finish, check your answers carefully.

Mark achieved:

Out of 100

1. Fill in the table regarding Arabic terminology. The first one has been done for you. (5)

1	و	Tashdeed
2		Sukoon
3	و	
4		Kasratayn
5	و	
6		Dhamma

2. Fill in the blanks: (10)

- Any letter that contains a Sukoon is called a .....
- Any letter that contains a ..... is called a Mushaddad.
- Ghunnah is to make a ..... sound from the .....
- Ikhfa is to make a ..... sound from the .....
- ..... means to echo.
- Waqf is to .....
- When doing Waqf on a word, the last word will be made .....
- When doing Waqf on a Mushaddad Qalqalah letter, there will be a .....  
.....

3. Circle all the *full mouth* letters:

(7)

أ ب ت ث ج ح خ د ذ  
ر ز س ش ص ض  
ط ظ ع غ ف ق ك  
ل م ن ه و لا ء ي

4. Match the boxes by drawing a line:

(3)

ح
ء
ع
خ
ه
غ

Bottom of the throat
Middle of the throat
Top of the throat

5. Complete the table on whether Ghunnah takes place or not:

(3)

Word	Does Ghunnah take place?		Type of Ghunnah
بَرْدًا وَلَا	Yes	No	
حَبًّا	Yes	No	
أَهْمٌ	Yes	No	

6. Complete the table by ticking true or false:

(5)

	Statement	True	False
1	To determine whether the Laam of Allah is read full / empty mouth, you look at the letter after the word Allah		
2	There are five letters of Qalqalah		
3	Strong Qalqalah is made when making Waqf on a Qalqalah letter that has a Tanween		
4	When making Waqf on a Laam Mushaddad, we make strong Qalqalah		
5	In Noon Saakin & Tanween Ikhfa, one must make a gentle touch of the lips		

7. Explain two rules on the following word:

(4)

قَدْ

- 1) .....
- .....
- 2) .....
- .....

8. Explain the Madd rules:

(6)

تَعْلَمُونَ	
مَا أَنْتُمْ	
شَاءَ	

9.

أُولَئِكَ عَلَىٰ هُدًى مِّن رَّبِّهِمْ وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ

Explain the Raa rule in the above verse:

(2)

.....

.....

.....

10. Explain the Raa rule when Waqf is made on the following word: (3)

المصير

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

11. Circle all the Meem Saakin Ikhfas in the passage below: (2)

رَبِّهِمْ وَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ۝ وَإِذْ  
أَخَذْنَا مِيثَاقَكُمْ وَرَفَعْنَا فَوْقَكُمُ الطُّورَ خُذُوا مَا  
آتَيْنَاكُمْ بِقُوَّةٍ ۝ وَادْكُرُوا مَا فِيهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ ۝  
ثُمَّ تَوَلَّيْتُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ فَلَوْلَا فَضْلُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ  
وَرَحْمَتُهُ لَكُنْتُمْ مِنَ الْخَاسِرِينَ ۝ وَلَقَدْ عَلِمْتُمْ

When does Meem Saakin Ikhfa take place? (1)

.....

What sound do we make on Meem Saakin Ikhfa? (1)

.....

12. Circle all the Noon Saakin & Tanween Ikhfas in the passage below: (5)

عَمِلُوا وَحَاقَ بِهِمْ مَا كَانُوا بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِئُونَ ۝ وَقَالَ  
الَّذِينَ اشْرَكُوا لَوْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ مَا عَبَدْنَا مِنْ دُونِهِ  
مِنْ شَيْءٍ نَّحْنُ وَلَا آبَاؤُنَا وَلَا حَرَمْنَا مِنْ دُونِهِ  
مِنْ شَيْءٍ كَذَلِكَ فَعَلَ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ فَهَلْ

13. Which letters does Noon Saakin & Tanween Ikhfa not occur in? Circle the letters. (13)

أ ب ت ث ج ح خ د ذ  
ر ز س ش ص ض  
ط ظ ع غ ف ق ك  
ل م ن ه و لا ء ي

14. Circle all the Yoomin Ghunnahs in the passage below:

(3)

لَهُ لَنْصِحُونَ ۖ أَرْسَلَهُ مُعَاذًا لِّرَبِّكَ وَيَلْعَبُ وَ  
إِنَّا لَهُ لَحَفِظُونَ ۖ قَالَ إِنِّي لِيَحْزُنُنِي أَنْ تَذْهَبُوا  
بِهِ وَأَخَافُ أَنْ يَأْكُلَهُ الذِّئْبُ وَأَنْتُمْ عَنْهُ  
غَفْلُونَ ۖ قَالُوا لَئِنْ أَكَلَهُ الذِّئْبُ وَنَحْنُ عُصْبَةٌ إِنَّا  
إِذَا الْخُسْرُونَ ۖ فَلَمَّا ذَهَبُوا بِهِ وَاجْتَمَعُوا أَنْ يَجْعَلُوهُ

15.

تَرْمِيهِمْ بِحِجَابٍ مِّنْ سَجِيلٍ

Explain the difference between the two rules highlighted above, in terms of how they are done (2)

.....  
.....  
.....

Total Marks:

/75

End of Examination