



Written Assessment

End of Year 2018/19

Level 3

Name of Book:

Safar: Book 2

Full Name of Pupil:

.....

Session:

- Recite Tasmiyah & Şalawāt Upon the Prophet before you begin your paper.
- Write your name and session clearly on this sheet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not use a red pen or a pencil.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- If you make a mistake, cross it out. Do not use Tippex.
- The mark for each question is shown next to the question.
- After you finish, check your answers carefully.

Mark achieved:

Out of 100

Section A

1. What do the following words mean?

(9)

Ar-Rahman:

.....
.....

Rahmah:

.....
.....

Hijrah:

.....
.....

Aadaab:

.....
.....

Hadith

.....
.....

The black stone:

.....
.....

Ummah:

.....
.....

Ka'bah:

.....
.....

Bismillaah:

.....
.....

2. Multiple choice

Circle the correct answer:

a. How many years did Prophet Nuh (AS) spend calling people to Allah?

1. 1500 years
2. 500 years
3. 950 years

b. What punishment did Allah send to the people of Nuh (AS)

1. A storm
2. A tornado
3. An earthquake.

c. Where did the disbelievers seek refuge?

1. Hilltops and mountains
2. High buildings
3. In caves

d. What did Nuh (AS) say to his son?

1. "Hide somewhere"
2. "Come aboard the ark"
3. "Stay with the disbelievers"

e. Where did the ark stop?

1. Mount Sinai
2. Mount Hira
3. Mount Judi

f. What does Allah look at?

1. Money
2. Family
3. Actions

g. Who was the Ka'bah built by first?

1. Prophet Muhammad (SAW)
2. Prophet Nuh (AS)
3. Prophet Ibrahim (AS)

h. How old was the Prophet (SAW) when the Ka’bah was rebuilt?

- 1. 35
- 2. 40
- 3. 32

i. Who suddenly appeared when Prophet Muhammad was in cave Hira?

- 1. Khadijah (RA)
- 2. Waraqah Ibn Nawfal
- 3. Jibril (AS)

j. What was prophet Muhammad told to do in cave Hira?

- 1. Read
- 2. Sleep
- 3. Cry

3. Answer the following questions from the story of the ***“Year of the Elephant”***

a. Who ruled over Yemen? (1)

.....

b. What was the ruler of Yemen’s plan? (2)

.....
.....

c. What did the Arabs do when they heard about the plan? (2)

.....
.....

d. What was the name of the special elephant in the story and why was he special? (2)

.....
.....

e. Why was the leader of Yemen surprised when he met Abdul Muttalib? (1)

.....

f. What did Allah do to help the Arabs? (1)

.....

g. Why is the Year of the Elephant important to Muslims? (1)

.....

Section B

1. Match the boxes by drawing a line.

(5)

Fajr
Asr
Dhuhr
Maghrib
Isha

Early Afternoon
Night
Late Afternoon
Before Sunrise
Sunset

2. Fill in the blanks on praying two Rak'ah Salaah:

(12)

Ruku	Earlobes	Left	Intention
Knees	Straight	Sajdah	Right
Raise	Forehead	Qiblah	Belly button

- a. Stand up with your hands by your side and make for your prayer.
- b. your hands to your and then say Allahu' Akbar.
- c. Fold your hands and place them under your Then bow down and keep your hands on your knees this is called
- d. Then stand with your hands by your side. Prostrate with your knees, feet and hands on the ground this is called Your nose and must touch the ground.
- e. Repeat this action and now you have completed one Rak'ah. Repeat again however in the 2nd Rak'ah you should sit down, not stand up.
- f. You should sit with your back straight with your hands on your and your fingers facing the End your prayer by turning your head to the and then the

3. Complete the table by ticking True or False.

(15)

		True	False
1	The boy met a priest on his way to visit the magician.		
2	The boy would come late to visit the magician.		
3	A huge creature appeared on the road blocking everyone.		
4	The magician was better than the monk.		
5	Allah cured the blind people.		
6	The king believed that Allah cured the blind people.		
7	The king let the monk and then the man free.		
8	The boy survived a fall from the mountain.		
9	The guards took the boy to the middle of the sea.		
10	The king let the boy live.		
11	The king put the believers in prison.		
12	A baby spoke to its mother.		
13	You should always be shy and never ask questions.		
14	Everything happens with the permission of Allah.		
15	We should always trust Allah		

Section C

1. Circle the correct answer. (14)
- It was a tradition in **Makkah / Madinah** that babies were put into the care of families living in the **desert / city**.
 - Our Prophet (SAW) had lost his **mother / father**. Families did not take him because they would not get a good payment.
 - Halimah adopted Prophet Muhammad (SAW). She was from the tribe **Quraysh / Sa'd**.
 - Before taking Muhammad (SAW), Halimah's donkey was **fast / slow**, after taking Muhammad people were **jealous / surprised** at the way the donkey now travelled.
 - Halimah had **two / three** sons and many animals. Her animals were giving **less / more** milk.
 - She was supposed to return Muhammad when he was **two / one** years old however she asked **Faatimah / Aaminah** to **keep him longer / give him back early**.
 - One day Abdullah told his mother Halima that Muhammad (SAW) had been killed. Muhammad (SAW) was fine and he told them that 2 people (angels) opened his **chest / mouth** and cleaned his **teeth / heart**.
 - Whilst with Halimah, Muhammad (SAW) learnt the best **Urdu / Arabic**.

2. Put the story in the correct order. One has been done for you.

(6)

A	The Prophet (SAW) told his uncle Abu Talib that the document was eaten by insects.
B	The Quraysh saw the document as a sign and lifted the boycott on Muslims.
C	Whilst living in the valley, food was of a very short supply so the Muslims ate leaves and the children would cry due to hunger.
D	The Quraysh saw the whole document had been eaten up except the words Bismika Allahumma (In the name of Allah)
E	Islam started to spread in Makkah, the Quraysh did not like this, so they wrote a document to stop all forms of contact with the Muslims.
F	The Muslims were thrown out of their houses and were forced to live in a barren valley.
G	The Prophet's (SAW) uncle Abu Talib and his wife Khadijah (RA) became unwell and sadly passed away.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
E						

Section D

1. Answer the following questions.

a. Why did Prophet Muhammad (SAW) want to leave Makkah? (1)

.....

b. What were the new Muslims from Madinah called? (1)

.....

c. Why did the Prophet now want to leave Makkah straight away? (1)

.....

d. What did the people of Quraysh do when they found out that the Muslims were leaving with Prophet Muhammad (SAW)? (3)

.....

.....

.....

e. When the Prophet found out about their plan what did he tell Ali (RA) to do? (1)

.....

f. What miracle happened in the cave? (2)

.....

.....

g. How were the Muslims greeted in Madinah? (1)

.....

h. What does this event mark in the Islamic calendar? (1)

.....

2. Complete the table by ticking True or False.

(8)

		True	False
1	There were 313 Muslims in the battle of Badr.		
2	The Prophet (SAW) performed Hajj in the 12th year after Hijrah.		
3	There were less than 100000 companions present during the final speech.		
4	There were 1000 non-Muslims in the battle of Badr.		
5	People accepted Islam in large numbers after Makkah was conquered.		
6	The prophet performed Hajj 3 times.		
7	The Battle of Badr took place 3 years after Hijrah.		
8	The Prophet conquered Makkah 8 years after coming to Madinah.		

End of Examination