



Written Assessment

End of Year 2018/19

Level 6

Name of Book:

Understanding Saum

Full Name of Pupil:

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Session:

- Recite Tasmiyah & Şalawāt Upon the Prophet before you begin your paper.
- Write your name and session clearly on this sheet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not use a red pen or a pencil.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- If you make a mistake, cross it out. Do not use Tippex.
- The mark for each question is shown next to the question.
- After you finish, check your answers carefully.

Mark achieved:

Out of 100

Section A

1. Complete the table below:

(12)

Term	Meaning
Saum	
As Subhus Sadiq	
Imsaak	
Suhoor	
Iftaar	
Taqwa	
Sunnah	
Mustahab	
Fardh	
Wajib	
Makrooh	
Haraam	

2. Complete the table by ticking True or False.

(3)

	Statement	True	False
1	The difference between the fasting of Muslims and that of the Jews and Christians is Suhoor		
2	It is Mustahab to break the fast with dates. If this is not possible, then one should break it with water.		
3	It is Sunnah to consume Iftaar immediately after sunset without too much delay		
4	An intention should be made for fasting to count.		
5	Our Prophet (S) said, 'Partake in Suhoor because there is blessings in it.'		
6	The word Fiqh means 'Rewards'.		

3. Answer the following questions.

a. List THREE reasons why Allah has ordered Muslims to fast.

(3)

- 1.....
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.....
- 2.....
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.....
- 3.....
.....
.....

b. Why is it Haraam to fast on both Eid days?

(1)

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.....

c. What is the difference between a 'specific vow' and a 'non-specific' vow in fasting?

(2)

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.....
.....
.....

d. Explain the term Qadha. (2)

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.....
.....

e. Explain the term Kaffarah. (2)

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.....

f. From which door will the fasting person be allowed to enter Paradise? (1)

.....

g. List the three conditions of those who are required to fast. (3)

1.....

2.....

3.....

h. Write down in the correct order how Kaffarah should be carried out. (3)

1.....

.....

.....

2.....

.....

.....

3.....

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4. Tick the correct column next to each act regarding fasting.

(7)

	Act relating to fasting	Fast does Not break	Qadha necessary	Qadha & Kaffarah necessary
1	To take an injection			
2	Applying ear drops			
3	Swallowing toothpaste			
4	Vomiting a mouth intentionally			
5	Eating on purpose in Ramadhan			
6	Applying eyedrops, Surma or Mascara			
7	Taking medicine orally			
8	Water entering the ears			
9	Using a Miswaak			
10	Applying nose drops			
11	Swallowing vomit unintentionally			
12	Using Toothpaste			
13	Eating and drinking on purpose in Ramadhan			
14	Swallowing your saliva			

Section B

1. Complete the tables below.

a. Which fast was made compulsory when our Prophet (S) migrated to Madinah (4)

	Name of Fast	Date	Total days of Fasting
1			1 day
2	Ayaamul Bidh		

b. Fill in the table below on the categories of people who are exempted from fasting. (6)

	Category	Explanation
1	Traveller	
2		If the doctor advises that he should not fast
3		If by fasting, it will harm the unborn child
4	Suckling Mother	
5		

2. Match the boxes by drawing a line.

(10)

Fidyah

Worship always done by Prophet

Hilal

The night of reward

Mu'takif

Monetary compensation

Sunnah Muakkadah

Crescent

Taraweeh

Charity given on Eid

Laytul-Qadr

A person who does Itikaaf

Laylatul Jaaizah

The celebration of sacrificing

Eidul -Fitr

The night of power

Eidul - Adha

The extra prayer in Ramadhan

Sadaqatul-Fitr

The celebration of feasting

3. Multiple Choice: Circle/ Tick the correct answer.

(10)

a) How many Rak'aats of Taraweeh are there?

- 1) 10
- 2) 20
- 3) 4

b) How many days are there in a Lunar year?

- 1) 365
- 2) 354
- 3) 364

c) Which Khalifah instructed the Muslims to offer Taraweeh prayers in the Masjid?

- 1) Uthman (R)
- 2) Abubakr (R)
- 3) Umar (R)

d) Our Prophet (S) said: The I'tikaaf of the last 10 days of Ramadhan is (rewarded) like:

- 1) One Hajj and One Umrah
- 2) Two Hajj and Two Umrah
- 3) One Hajj and Two Umrah

e) I'tikaaf can be performed:

- 1) In a place where 3 times daily Salaah takes place
- 2) Any place where at least 1 Salaah daily takes place
- 3) In a place where 5 times Salaah takes place

f) I'tikaaf in Ramadhan commences from the?

- 1) Maghrib of 20th night until the Maghrib of the last day of Ramadhan
- 2) Maghrib of 21st night until the Maghrib of the last day of Ramadhan
- 3) Maghrib of 19th night until the Maghrib of the last day of Ramadhan

g) Laylatul Qadr occurs on:

- 1) The first 10 odd nights of Ramadhan
- 2) The last 10 even nights of Ramadhan
- 3) The last 10 odd nights of Ramadhan

h) The word 'Rooh' in the Quran related to the topic of Laylatul-Qadr refers to:

- 1) Prophet (S)
- 2) Jibril (AS)
- 3) Allah (SWT)

i) Eid ul Fitr is celebrated on the:

- 1) 1st Shawaal
- 2) 10 Dhul- Hijjah
- 3) 10th Muharram

j) Eid ul Adha is celebrated on the:

- 1) 1st Shawaal
- 2) 10 Dhul- Hijjah
- 3) 10th Muharram

Section C

1. Complete the following table.

(6)

Actions that should be Performed in I'tikaaf	Acts which make it permissible to break I'tikaaf

2. Fill in the missing blanks.

(8)

- a. Eid Salaah consists of Rak'aat.
- b. There are Takbeers in Eid Salaah.
- c. A K..... is given after Eid Salaah.
- d. There is no A..... and I..... for Eid Salaah.
- e. The time for Eid Salaah starts from S..... until M.....
- f. The Takbeer recited on Eid is called Takbeer T.....

3. List FOUR Mustahab acts of Eid ul Fitr.

(4)

- 1.....
- 2.....
- 3.....
- 4.....

4. Complete the following table on which animals can be used in Udhiyah.

(6)

Animal	Minimum Age	Shares allowed
	1 year	
		7 people per animal
Camel		

5. Answer the following questions.

1. What is another word for Udhiyah?

(1)

.....

2. Who is Udhiyah Wajib on?

(1)

.....
.....

3. On which days can Udhiyah be carried out?

(2)

.....

4. Write down the preferable method of how the meat should be given out.

(3)

1.....

2.....

3.....

End of Examination