

Al-Ansaar Welfare & Education Madrasah Tajweedul Gyran

## Written Assessment

# Mid-Year 2019/20

## Sanatayn Y1 & Tarbiyah Class

Name of Book:

Safar: Book 7

Full Name of Pupil:

.....

Session: .....

- Recite Tasmiyah & Şalawāt Upon the Prophet before you begin your paper.
- Write your name and session clearly on this sheet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not use a red pen or a pencil.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- If you make a mistake, cross it out. Do not use Tippex.
- The mark for each question is shown next to the question.
- After you finish, check your answers carefully.

Mark achieved:

Out of 100

#### Section A

1. Briefly explain what the following words mean:	(10)
Qadar:	
Islam:	
Imaan:	
Ihsaan:	
Nafl:	
	••••••
Wajib:	
Tawhid:	
Makruh:	
Laylatul – bara'ah:	
Shirk:	

2. Fill in the blanks with the words that are in the box:

Yusha'	lessons	blessing Al Muhit		limitless
atom	atom Khidr		Free will	knowledge
Al Alim	meaning	explanations fate		ordaining

a) A\*\*\*\* told Musa (as) to meet a person called ....., where two seas met.

b) Musa (as) travelled with his servant named .....

- c) Musa (as) was told, "If you follow me, do not ask for ....."
- d) This story teaches us a valuable ..... about our ..... about our ..... of the world.
- e) Only A\*\*\*\* understands everything as He is ....., the All- Knowledgeable and ....., the All Comprehending.
- f) With all events, there is always a deeper .....
- g) A person may experience loss, but it can be a ..... in disguise.
- Qadar is usually translated as ....., and it describes A\*\*\*'s .....
  of events in this world.
- j) All human choices remain within A\*\*\*\*'s ...... Knowledge, but we all still have .....

- Multiple Choice: Circle / Tick the correct answer.
- a) Which tribe was Halimah (RA) from?
  - 1) Quraysh
  - 2) Hashim
  - 3) Sa'd
- b) Who looked after Prophet (saw) when his mother passed away?
  - 1) Abu Talib
  - 2) Abdul Muttalib
  - 3) Bahira
- c) Why did the Prophet (saw) choose Abyssinia for migration?
  - 1) A fair Jewish King called Negus ruled there
  - 2) A fair Christian King called Waraqah ruled there
  - 3) A fair Christian King called Najashi ruled there
- d) Who decided to make the Hijrah the start of the Islamic calendar?
  - 1) Umar (ra)
  - 2) Abu Bakr (ra)
  - 3) Muhammad (saw)
- e) The total of Muslims vs Quraysh in Badr was:
  - 1) 3,000 Quraysh vs 1,000 Muslims
  - 2) 1,000 Muslims vs 315 Quraysh
  - 3) 315 Muslims vs 1,000 Quraysh
- f) Which battle came after Badr?
  - 1) Hunayn
  - 2) Trench
  - 3) Uhud
- g) How many people marched towards Madinah in the Battle of the Trench?
  - 1) 3,000
  - 2) 10,000
  - 3) 50,000

- h) How did the Makkans break the treaty of Hudaybiyyah?
  - 1) They prevented the Muslims from entering Makkah
  - 2) The attacked an allied tribe of the Muslims
  - 3) They killed a messenger sent by the Muslims
- i) Which two tribes still held hostility to the Muslims, following the conquest?
  - 1) Hawazin and Banu Thaqif
  - 2) Hawazin and Banu Hashim
  - 3) Banu Thaqif and Sa'd
- j) What did the defeated tribes do after the Battle of Hunayn?
  - 1) Run to the outskirts of Ta'if
  - 2) Join another tribe in Ta'if
  - 3) Flee to a fortress in Ta'if

4.	Give any 4 points from the Prophet (saw)'s farewell sermon:	(4)
1)		••••

2)	

#### Section B

- Match the following events to the correct age of the Prophet (saw) Fill in any ages that are missing:
  - a. Battle of the Trench
  - b. Migration to Madinah
  - c. Marriage to Khadijah (ra)
  - d. The Treaty of Hudaybiyyah
  - e. Migration to Abyssinia
  - f. Battle of Uhud
  - g. First revelation
  - h. Al Isra' wal Mi'raj
  - i. Battle of Badr
  - j. Conquest of Makkah

25	40	50	54	57	

2. Answer the following questions:

(10)

(15)

a. What is the Hadith of Jibrail (as)?

b. Explain what could be meant in the Hadith of Jibril (as), by 'a slave girl giving birth to her mistress.

c. Explain what could be meant in the Hadith of Jibril (as), by poor people ' competing in building the tallest buildings'.

d. Give one example of how a Muslim can show their submission to A\*\*\*\* in Islam.

e. Give one example of how Jibril (as) guided Muslims to express their belief with Imaan.

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f. Explain the difference between basic Salah and Salah with Ihsaan.
g. How can we help someone who is an oppressor?
h. How did A**** protect the Ka'bah from Abrahah?
i. How did Halimah (ra) know Muhammad (saw) was special?
j. how did Muhammad (saw) react after the first revelation?

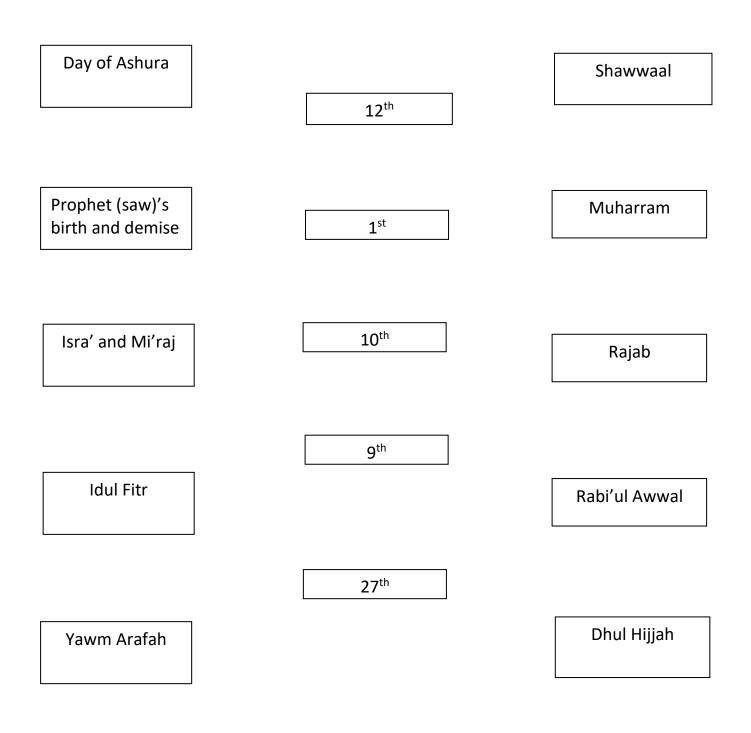
1. Explain in detail when the following Salah times begin:

(6)

Salah	Beginning time
Zuhr	
Maghrib	
Isha	

3. Complete the table by ticking True or False.

		True	False
1	Natural materials should be dusty for Tayammum to be valid		
2	Al Baytul Ma'mur is the Continually visited house in the heavens		
3	Some Rasuls were given a new Shari'ah to teach		
4	There are 3 Fardh acts in Wudhu and 4 Fardh acts in Ghusl		
5	Making Niyyah for Salah is Fardh		
6	There is only one Sajdah in the Janazah prayer		
7	There are 6 days of Hajj		
8	Children of the Mushrikin also go to Paradise		
9	Asr Salah ends at Mithlayn		
10	Mu'akkadah are those Sunnah Salah the Prophet (saw) always performed.		
11	Prophet (SAW)'s mission was complete 23 years after the first revelation		
12	The Prophet (SAW) passed away on a Tuesday morning		
13	Ali (RA) was the Imam during the Prophet (saw)'s illness		
14	The Farewell Pilgrimage is known as Hajjatul Wada		
15	Zakah and fasting became obligatory in the same year as the migration to Madinah		
16	The Prophet (saw) was injured in the Battle of Badr		
17	Waraqah bin Nawfal was a learned Christian who was a cousin of Khadijah (RA)		
18	Muhammad (saw) was 6 when his grandfather passed away		
19	Abu Talib and Khadijah (RA) passed away in 619 CE		
20	The 5 Salah was given to the Muslims in 620 CE		



End of Examination