



Written Assessment

Mid-Year 2020/21

Level 5

Name of Book:

Fahmul Qur'ān
(Fātiḥah & Ikhlāṣ)

Full Name of Pupil:

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Session:

- Recite Tasmiyah & Ṣalawāt Upon the Prophet before you begin your paper.
- Write your name and session clearly on this sheet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not use a red pen or a pencil.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- If you make a mistake, cross it out. Do not use Tippex.
- The mark for each question is shown next to the question.
- After you finish, check your answers carefully.

Mark achieved:

Out of 100

Al- Fātiḥah

1. Write down the translation of the following names of Al- Fātiḥah:

(6)

Names	Translations
ام الكتاب	
سبع المثاني	
فاتحة الكتاب	
الشفاء	
الحمد	
ام القران	

2. Below are some verses of Al- Fātiḥah and the translations of these verses. Match the correct verse with the correct translation by drawing a line:

(4)

English
Show us the straight path.
Master of the Day of Judgment.
The All Merciful, the Very Merciful.
The path of those upon whom you have favoured.

Arabic
الرحمن الرحيم
اهدنا الصراط المستقيم
صراط الذين انعمت عليهم
مالك يوم الدين

3. Answer the following questions:

الحمد لله رب العالمين

Translate the above verse of Al- Fātiḥah:

(2)

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Clearly explain what the word 'Rabb'. In your explanation, include an example.

(3)

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What does the word 'universe' refer to?

(2)

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اياك نعبد و اياك نستعين

Translate the above verse.

(2)

.....

Which belief does this verse affirm and which belief does it reject?

(2)

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4. Next to each statement below, tick the ones that are considered *Shirk*. (4)

1	Worshipping Idols.	
2	Praying Ṣalāh.	
3	Worshipping Allāh.	
4	Asking you parents to help you with homework.	
5	Asking a Doctor to cure you from illness.	
6	Prostrating to a pious person	
7	Doing Ṭawāf of the Ka'bah	
8	Ascribing partners to Allāh	

5. Write down the difference between the two attributed qualities of Allah. (4)

Attributive Names	Difference
الرحمن	
الرحيم	

6. Complete the table by ticking True or False. (4)

	Statement	True	False
1	The 'straight path' refers to the path of those who Allāh is happy with.		
2	Allāh is pleased with the martyrs and the prophets.		
3	Allāh is displeased with the Saints.		
4	Allāh is pleased with those who pray Ṣalāh most of the time.		

غير المغضوب عليهم ولا الضالين

7. Translate the above verse of Al- Fātiḥah: (2)

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.....

8. Read the statements below and tick whether the people below are “those who Allāh is angry with” or “those who are astray”.

(4)

	Statement	Those Allah is Angry with	Those who are Astray
1	Khadijah does not fast in Ramaḍān as she does not know it is Farḍh.		
2	Ibrāhīm knows he must make Wuḍū' before touching the Qur'ān, yet does not do it.		
3	Ahmed listens to music even though he knows it is Ḥarām.		
4	Aishah likes eating Ḥarām sweets. She doesn't know they are Ḥarām.		

9. Write down one virtue of Surah Fatihah: (2)

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10. Fill in the blanks:

(7)

- a) Allah is the M _____ of the day of Judgement and so he will take an A _____ of our lives.
- b) He alone will have the power on that day to decide whether a person goes to J _____ or J _____.
- c) Ar- Rahman and Ar- Rahim describe the infinite M _____ of Allah.
- d) Al- Fatihah is the best Du'ā', as we P _____ Allah and ask for his G _____ in it.

11. Multiple Choice:

Circle / Tick the correct answer

(6)

a) How many Surahs are in the Qur'ān?

- 1) 115
- 2) 114
- 3) 116

b) The Qur'ān was revealed over how many years?

- 1) 23
- 2) 24
- 3) 22

c) How many parts have Surah Fātiḥah been divided in to?

- 1) 3
- 2) 1
- 3) 2

12. Mention two lesson we learn from Al- Fātiḥah

(2)

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Al- Ikhlaṣ

1. What does Al- Ikhlaṣ mean?

(2)

2. Write down the meanings of each of the following names of Al- Ikhlaṣ.

(6)

	Arabic	Translation
1	النجاة	
2	المعرفة	
3	التوحيد	

3. Below are some verses of Al- Fātiḥah and the translations of these verses. Match the correct verse with the correct translation by drawing a line:

(8)

Arabic
لم يلد ولم يولد
قل هو الله احد
ولم يكن له كفوا احد
الله الصمد

English
And there is no one comparable to him
Allāh, the All- Independent
He did not give birth no has He been given birth to.
Say, He is Allāh, the One.

4. The prophet (SAW) said: “Indeed it (Al- Ikhlāṣ) is equivalent to one third of the Qur’ān”. This Ḥadīth has two meanings. Write down the two meanings.

(4)

Meaning 1:

.....

.....

Meaning 2:

.....

.....

5. One of the qualities of Allah is that he is **الصمد**. Give both the translation and explanation of this quality.

(3)

Translations	Explanation

6. “Say, He is Allāh, the One”. Which belief do this verse affirm?

(2)

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7. What does the word *Shirk* mean? Give an example of *Shirk*.

(3)

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8. Fill in the blanks: (6)

The people of M _____ asked the Messenger of Allāh (SAW): “O Muḥammed, tell us about the A _____ of your Lord.

Al- Ikhlāṣ means P _____ It is given this name as it declares the fact that Allāh is pure from S _____.

The prophet (SAW) said: Your L _____ for Al- Ikhlas will enter you into P _____.

9. Multiple Choice: Circle / Tick the correct answer. (6)

a) Which verse responds to the cause of revelation of Al- Ikhlāṣ?

- 1) Verse 1
- 2) Verse 3
- 3) Verse 4

b) Who else can share the qualities of Allāh?

- 1) Prophets
- 2) Prophets and Pious People
- 3) No one

c) What does the Christian belief in the Trinity refers to?

- 1) Grandfather, Father, Son
- 2) Father, Son, and the Holy Spirit
- 3) Father, Son, Daughter.

10. Mention any two lessons we learn from Al- Ikhlāṣ (4)

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End of Examination