

Written Assessment

End of Year 2021/22

Sanatayn Boys Year 2

Name of Book:

Sirah & Islamic History Module 1: P53+ Sirah & Islamic History Module 2: P2-26

Full Name of Pupil:	
Session:	

- Recite Tasmiyah & Şalawāt Upon the Prophet before you begin your paper.
- Write your name and session clearly on this sheet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not use a red pen or a pencil.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- If you make a mistake, cross it out. Do not use Tippex.
- The mark for each question is shown next to the question.
- After you finish, check your answers carefully.

Mark achieved:

Out of 100

Section A

1. Write the name of the person who achieved the following:	(10)
The First Umayyad Caliph:	
Became Khalifah after his father Ali (RA):	
Rebelled against the Umayyad Caliph and was martyred at Karbala:	
Rebelled against the Umayyad Caliph and was martyred in Makkah:	
The greatest Umayyad Caliph who tried to revive the Sunnah:	
The first Abbasid Caliph:	
The Caliph who founded Baghdad:	
The greatest/best known Abbasid Caliph:	
The first Umayyad Caliph of Spain :	
Mongol general who sacked Baghdad:	

Abu Muslim	Walid I	Makkah	Mongol	Cordoba
Baghdad	Damascus	1258	Madinah	Caliphate
Mohammed bin Qasim	Karbala	Al-Ma'moon	Baytul- Hikmah	Kufa
Mamluks	Caliphs	Shura'	Party	Dynastic

a)	The Umayyads moved the capital to the city of from from
b)	Abdullah ibn Zubayr (RA) had his capital in
c)	The Abbasids moved the capital to
d)	Imam Abu Hanifah was born in the city of
e)	The Umayyad in Spain made their capital the city of
f)	Husayn (RA) was martyred at the battle of
g)	Spain was conquered during the Caliphate of
h)	Pakistan and North-western India was conquered under the general
i)	Walid II is known as the emperor.
j)	The Abbasids used a Persian general called to defeat the
	Umayyads.
k)	The Umayyads changed the way rulership was passed on from in the
	times of the Rightly Guided rule.
I)	The Abbasids employed Turkish slaves known as the
m)	was the Caliph who built the magnificent centre of learning in
	Baghdad called the (House of Wisdom)
n)	Baghdad was sacked in the year by the army.
o)	The fall of the Umayyads in 750 was the last time the whole Muslim Ummah was
	united under one

1. Complete the table by ticking True or False.

(20)

		True	False
1	The Umayyads were defeated and ended in 750 CE		
2	The capital of the Abbasid empire was Basrah		
3	The Saljuks were Turkish slaves used by the Abbasids		
4	Alp Arslan was the nephew of Tughril		
5	Yazid ibn Muwaiyah was Caliph when Husayn (RA) was martyred		
6	The Abbasids claim to be descended from Abbas (RA)		
7	The Fatimids were a Shia empire		
8	There were only 12 Abbasid Caliphs		
9	Mawali means those who were non-Arab Muslims		
10	The Umayyads were not racist against non-Arabs		
11	Baytul-Hikmah means 'University of Learning'		
12	The Mongol empire was bigger in size than the Roman empire		
13	Abu Hanifa's real name was Malik ibn Anas		
14	Abu Hanifa was born during the reign of Abdul-Malik ibn Marwan		
15	Umar ibn Abdul Aziz was a descendant of Umar ibn Al Khattab		
16	The Umayyads were decisively defeated at the battle of the Zab river		
17	The Umayyads were tolerant towards non-Arabs accepting Islam and let them join the government		
18	Al-Andalus is another name for Spain		
19	Abu Ayyub Al Ansari (RA) is buried in Constantinople		
20	Marwan ibn Al Hakam was the first Umayyad Caliph		

Umayyads	Hulagu Khan
Abbasids	Umar II ibn Abdul-Aziz
Mongol	Alp Arslan
Rightly Guided Caliph	Harun Ar-Rashid
Seljuk	Hasan (RA)
Multiple Choice: Circle / Tick the correct answer. Which of the following was not a son of Ali (RA)? 1. Hasan (RA)	
 Husayn (RA) Abdullah ibn Zubayr (RA) 	
How long did Muawiyah (RA) rule for?	
 1. 10 years 2. 20 years 3. 40 years 	

c) Where did the Umayyads move their capital? 1. Makkah 2. Madinah 3. Damascus d) Who was Caliph when Husayn (RA) was martyred? 1. Muawiyah (RA) 2. Yazid 3. Abdul Malik ibn Marwan e) Who besieged Makkah and killed Abdullah ibn Zubayr (RA) for the Umayyads? 1. Hajjaj ibn Yusuf 2. Abu Muslim 3. Salahuddin f) Muwaiyah (RA) laid siege to which city from 674-678 CE? 1. Rome 2. Constantinople 3. Delhi

g) Which general conquered the Indus Valley for the Umayyads?

1. Muhammad bin Qasim

Abu Muslim
 Tariq ibn Ziyad

- h) Which general conquered the Spain for the Umayyads?
 - 1. Muhammad bin Qasim
 - 2. Abu Muslim
 - 3. Tariq ibn Ziyad
- i) Which of the following was known for his work on the eye and the camera?
 - 1. Al-Khwarizmi
 - 2. Ibn Al-Haytham
 - 3. Imam Bukhari
- j) Which of the following was known for his work in the science of Hadith?
 - 1. Al-Khwarizmi
 - 2. Ibn Al-Haytham
 - 3. Imam Bukhari

Section C

1.	Answer the following questions:	(30)
	Write down the names of any 4 Umayyad Caliphs:	(4)
b)	Write down 3 areas that were conquered under the Umayyads?	(3)
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c)	Which sect did the Abbasids ally with to gain control from the Umayyads?	(1)
d)	What material did the Abbasids get that enabled large writing and production of Qurans?	(1)
e	The Idrisids established themselves as a state separate from the Abbasids, from wide did they claim to be descendants of?	
f)	What material did the father of Abu Hanifa sell?	(1)
g)	Which teacher told Abu Hanifa that he should pursue Islamic education seriously?	(1)
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h) Give any 2 famous students of Imam Abu Hanifa?	
i) What position did Imam Abu Hanifa reject? What happened to him becau	use of that? (2)
j) During which Abbasid Caliph's rule is that period known as the 'golden ag	
k) In what year did Muslim Spain fall and to whom did it fall to?	(2)
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
l) Give 4 achievements that Abdul-Malik ibn Marwan achieved as Umayyad	
m) Who was martyred at Karbala and in which year did this occur?	(2)
n) Give 2 reasons why people were unhappy with Yazid as Caliph?	(2)

	o)	Gi	ve	an	y :	3 /	٩b	ba	as	id	(Га	ıli	p	h	s.																						(3)	
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End of Examination