



Written Assessment

Mid-Year 2025-26

Hifz Fiqh 1

Name of Book:

Understanding Zakaah (P6 to 31)

Full Name of Pupil:

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Session:

- Recite Tasmiyah & Şalawāt Upon the Prophet before you begin your paper.
- Write your name and session clearly on this sheet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not use a red pen or a pencil.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- If you make a mistake, cross it out. Do not use Tippex.
- The mark for each question is shown next to the question.
- After you finish, check your answers carefully.

Mark achieved:

Out of 100

Section A

1. There are 2 definitions of Zakaah. Give both and also write the explanation. (4)

	Meaning	Explanation
1	
2	

2. Give a verse from the Qur'an relating to Zakaah. (2)

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3. Zakaah has many benefits. How many categories can they be divided into? (1)

.....

4. When was Zakaah made Fardh? Give some detail. (3)

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5. Give three examples for **Social benefits** and three examples for **Spiritual benefits** of Zakaah. (6)

Social:

- a.
.....
- b.
.....
- c.
.....

Spiritual:

- a.
.....
- b.
.....
- c.
.....

6. Fill in the blanks with the words that are in the box. Note: not all words will need to be used. (8)

Rich	Virtue	Full	5%	Solar	Depriving
Lunar	Fulfilling	2.5%	Poor	£250	Needy

- a. In Islam, Zakaah is a payment of made by Muslims to the poor and in a year.
- b. Zakaah is a divine duty, yet at the same time it carries, as it is also an act of charity.
- c. Zakaah is a right of the upon the
- d. Therefore, withholding Zakaah or not paying the amount is the poor of their right.

7. Match the boxes by drawing a line. (4)

Nisaab

Intention

Saahibun Nisaab

A person who possesses wealth equal to Nisaab

تَبْلِيك

Minimum amount of wealth that makes Zakaah Fardh

Niyyah

Making the recipient the owner of Zakaah

Section B

1. Complete the table by ticking True or False.

(10)

		True	False
1	Zakaah is one of the five pillars of Islam.		
2	Zakaah was fully revealed in Makkah.		
3	Zakaah can be given to parents and grandparents.		
4	Giving Zakaah removes greed from the heart.		
5	Zakaah is payable on personal items used daily.		
6	Shares bought for resale are Zakatable.		
7	Gold-plated jewellery is Zakatable.		
8	Zakaah is payable on rental income.		
9	Zakaah given without intention is valid.		
10	Giving Zakaah to a poor relative gives double reward.		

2. Define the word 'poor'.

(1)

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3. What is the ruling of a person who does not pay Zakaah?

(1)

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4. What is the ruling of a person who denies Zakaah?

(1)

.....

5. Write the Hadith to the nearest meaning about a person who does not pay Zakaah.(2)

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6. Define the term ‘Zakatable Assets’. (1)

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7. From the box below, circle the *Zakatable* assets. (5)

Precious Gemstones		Agricultural Output	Debts	Haram Wealth
	Personal Belongings			
Cash		Livestock		Business Assets
	Business Items			Gold and Silver

8. Give an example for each of the following assets. (3)

a) Agricultural Output

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b) Personal Belongings

.....

c) Haram Wealth

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Section C

1. Complete the table below on the types of below Zakaah cannot be given to. Some have been filled for you. (10)

	Category	Details
1	A non-Muslim	
2		A person who has wealth in excess of his basic needs which is equal to or exceeds Nisaab.
3	A Hashimi	
4	The Payer's Descendants	
5		This refers to parents, grandparents etc. of the person giving Zakaah.
6	The Payer's Partner	

2. Can Zakaah be given to a person's family? Explain your answer. (3)

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3. Multiple Choice:

Circle the correct answers:

(7)

a) What is Nisaab?

- 1) The total Zakaah paid
- 2) Type of charity
- 3) The minimum amount of wealth

b) Zakaah was made compulsory in?

- 1) Madinah
- 2) Makkah
- 3) Marrakesh

c) Which of the following people cannot receive Zakaah?

- 1) A poor neighbour
- 2) A poor stranger
- 3) A poor mother

d) Which of the following is a spiritual benefit?

- 1) Economic growth
- 2) Strengthening of faith
- 3) Increase in trade

e) Business assets are items bought with the intention of:

- 1) Lending
- 2) Saving
- 3) Resale

f) Zakaah on gold jewellery is payable when?

- 1) It is worn daily
- 2) It is gold-plated
- 3) It is 12 carat or more

g) Which is the correct definition for 'Saahibun Nisaab'?

- 1) A person who possesses wealth less than the Nisaab Value
- 2) A person who possesses the Nisaab value, which excludes essential needs
- 3) A person who possesses the Nisaab value, which includes essential needs

4. Explain in three steps how a person can find out the value of gold or silver they have. (3)

Step 1:

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Step 2:

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Step 3:

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5. How many conditions need to be met when giving Zakaah? (1)

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6. What are they? Give further detail. (6)

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Section D

1. Read the following scenarios and answer the questions that follow. (12)
- a. Huzaifah gave £500 to a homeless person. He later found out that the homeless person was in fact, not homeless. Is Huzaifahs Zakaah considered paid? Explain your answer.
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- b. Surayya lives in Leicester. Her local Madrasah was raising funds for renovation purposes. Surayya decided to give £400 as Zakaah towards the renovation appeal. Is this correct? Explain your answer.
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-
- c. Zakir gives his Zakaah to a non-Muslim charity helping injured animals in the UK. Is this Zakaah valid? Explain your answer.
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- d. Ammarah owns two houses; she lives in one and rents out the other for income. Explain which property Zakaah is payable on and why.
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2. Look at the following people and determine if they are eligible to receive Zakaah. Assume the Nisaab value is £250.00. (6)

Name	Faith	Savings	Value of Extra Items	Essential Needs	Eligible to receive Zakah?
Tahir	Islam	£300	£150	£500	Yes / No
Susan	Christianity	£250	£700	£350	Yes / No
Aliya	Islam	£1,500	£3,000	£2,000	Yes / No
Junaid	Islam	£150	£50	£100	Yes / No
Zayn	Islam	£5,000	£4,000	£1,000	Yes / No
Kulthum	Islam	£10,000	£5,000	£3,000	Yes / No

End of Examination