



# Written Assessment

Mid-Year 2025-26

Level 5

Name of Book:

Fahmul Qur'an: Al-Fātiḥah & Al-Ikhlāṣ

Full Name of Pupil:

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Session: 2

- Recite Tasmiyah & Ṣalawāt Upon the Prophet before you begin your paper.
- Write your name and session clearly on this sheet.
- Answer all the questions.
- Do not use a red pen or a pencil.
- Write neatly and clearly.
- If you make a mistake, cross it out. Do not use Tippex.
- The mark for each question is shown next to the question.
- After you finish, check your answers carefully.

Mark achieved:

Out of 100

## Section A – Al-Fātiḥah (1)

1. What do the following words mean:

(8)

	Word	Meaning
1	Shirk	
2	‘Ālamīn	
3	Saints	
4	Tawḥīd	
5	Revelation Period	
6	Al-Fātiḥah	
7	Rabb	
8	Martyrs	

2. Match the boxes by drawing a line.

(6)

سَبْعُ الْمَثَانِي
أُمُّ الْكِتَابِ
الشِّفَاءُ
أُمُّ الْقُرْآنِ
الْحَمْدُ
فَاتِحَةُ الْكِتَابِ

The Mother of the Qur’ān
The Mother of the Book
The Seven Often Repeated Verses
The Praise
The Cure
The Opening of the Book

3. Fill in the blanks using the words that are in the box:

(10)

Ṣalāh	25	Complete	Cure	Du 'ā
Injīl	Sin	Accepted	23	Qur'ān
Illness	All Merciful	Zabūr	Commands	Very Merciful

- In Al- Fātiḥah, there is a ..... for every .....
- The ..... of the one who does not recite Al- Fātiḥah is not .....
- The ..... was revealed over a period of ..... years.
- The *pious people* refer to those who fulfil the ..... of Allah and avoid ..... to the best of their ability.
- In the name of Allah, the ....., the .....

4. Clearly explain the 4 differences between the 2 attributes of Allah.

(8)

Difference	Attributes of Allah
1. Meaning: 2. 3. 4.	الرَّحْمَن
1. Meaning: 2. 3. 4.	الرَّحِيم

5. Explain how Al-Fātiḥah is divided into 3 sections: (3)

1	
2	
3	

6. Write down the responses Allah gives to His servant, when he recites the verses of Al-Fātiḥah in Ṣalāh. (5)

When the servant says:	Response from Allah:
إِهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ. صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ. غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ.	
الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ	
إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِينُ	
الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ	
مَلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ	

7. Al- Fātiḥah has many names. What does this indicate? Explain with an example. (2)

.....

.....

## Section B – Al-Fātiḥah (2)

1. Answer the following questions:

غَيْرِ الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ

a) Translate:

(1)

.....

.....

b) Explain clearly what the following words from this verse refer to. Give an example for each. (6)

Explanation:	الضَّالِّينَ
Example:	
Explanation:	الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ
Example:	

إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِينُ

c) Translate:

(1)

.....

.....

d) What does this verse affirm and what does it reject?

(2)

.....

.....

e) Khālīd became very ill. He had medicine and made Du'ā but he still felt quite unwell. His sister, Juwayriyyah, advised him to go to a pious individual and request him to make Du'ā for Khālīd to get better. Khālīd did not act upon his sister's advice as he believed this would be an act of Shirk.

- Is Khālīd correct?
- Explain your answer.

(4)

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.....

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.....

إِهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ الْمُسْتَقِيمَ

f) Translate:

(1)

.....

g) What does *the straight path* refer to?

(2)

.....

.....

مَلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ

h) Translate:

(1)

.....

i) What will happen on the day of judgement? Mention 2 things.

(2)

.....

.....

.....

## Section C – Al-Ikhlāṣ

1. Complete the table by ticking True or False.

(7)

		True	False
1	This Sūrah was revealed because the people of Makkah wanted to know about the family of Muhammad ﷺ.		
2	If you recite Al-Ikhlāṣ 2 times, you will receive the reward of reciting 2/3 of the Qur'ān		
3	Al-Ikhlāṣ is Sūrah Number 112		
4	Al-Ikhlāṣ means The Purity		
5	The Revelation Period for Al-Ikhlāṣ is Makkah		
6	The central theme of the Qur'ān is Tawḥīd		
7	If you recite Al-Ikhlāṣ 4 times, you will earn the reward of reciting the full Qur'ān		

2. Mention the virtue regarding the one who loves Sūrah Al-Ikhlāṣ.

(2)

.....

.....

3. Why is this Sūrah called Al-Ikhlāṣ?

(2)

.....

.....

4. What is the reward of reciting Al-Ikhlāṣ 10 times?

(1)

.....

.....

5. Al-Ikhlāṣ has many names. Write the meanings down of the names given. (3)

1	المُعْرِفَة	
2	التَّوْحِيد	
3	النَّجَاة	

6. Match the meanings of the verses to the Arabic. (4)

A	Allah, the All-Independent.
B	And there is no one comparable to Him.
C	He did not give birth, nor has He been given birth to.
D	Say, He is Allah, the One.

وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَهُ كُفُوًا أَحَدٌ	اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ	قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ	لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُولَدْ

7. Which verse number responds to the cause of revelation? Give the meaning of the verse. (2)

.....

.....

8. Some religions teach that Allah has family. Give an example of a religion and their teachings about this. (2)

.....

.....



## Section D – Miscellaneous

1. Mention 1 lesson learned from Al- Ikhlāṣ. (2)

.....

.....

2. Match boxes by drawing lines with a ruler. (3)

الرَّحْمَنُ الرَّحِيمُ
الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ
صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ

The All Merciful, the Very Merciful.
All praise belongs to Allah, Lord of the universe.
The path of those upon whom you have favoured.

3. Mention 1 lesson learned from Al- Fātiḥah. (2)

.....

.....

4. Multiple Choice:  
Circle the correct answer. (8)

- a) How many verses does Al-Fātiḥah have?

1. 8
2. 4
3. 7

- b) What does the Trinity mean?

1. God is three: Father, Son and the universe.
2. God is three: Sun, moon and Holy Spirit.
3. God is three: Father, Son and Holy Spirit.

c) **مَلِكِ يَوْمِ الدِّينِ** – This verse affirms....

1. After we die, we will be questioned in the grave.
2. After we die, there will be a day of judgement.
3. After we die, we will go Jannah.

d) If someone wishes to give their child the name Raḥmān, they must add before it....

1. ‘Abd
2. Rabb
3. Nabī

e) How many Sūrahs does the Qur’ān have?

1. 113
2. 114
3. 1114

f) In Al- Ikhlāṣ, which verse negates the concept of Shirk?

1. Verse 1
2. Verse 4
3. Verse 3

g) What important lesson do we learn from the verse: **اللَّهُ الصَّبَدُ**

1. Tawḥīd.
2. Not consulting horoscopes.
3. We should turn to Allah for all our needs.

h) Al- Fātiḥah is the best.....

1. Sūrah
2. Verse
3. Du’ā

End of Examination